

Họ, tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh: .....

Mã đề: 146

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.*

**Question 1:** Despite her cries, no one came to his assistance.

- A. help                                      B. suggestion                                      C. hindrance                                      D. belief

**Question 2:** If it's raining tomorrow, we'll have to postpone the match till Sunday.

- A. play                                      B. putoff                                      C. putaway                                      D. cancel

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

**Question 3:** A. employ                                      B. effort                                      C. express                                      D. reduce

**Question 4 :** A. engage                                      B. maintain                                      C. verbal                                      D. attract

*Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions*

**Question 5:** My mother takes responsibility \_\_\_\_\_ running the household

- A. about                                      B. with                                      C. at                                      D. for

**Question 6:** Vietnamese children are taught at a very young age to obey and look \_\_\_ elderly people.

- A. up to                                      B. down on                                      C. away from                                      D. out of

**Question 7:** Nobody took any\_\_\_of the warning and they went swimming in the contaminated water.

- A. sight                                      B. attention                                      C. information                                      D. notice

**Question 8:** Reagan \_\_\_\_\_ an actor years ago.

- A. was said having been  
B. is said to being  
C. is said to have been  
D. was said being

**Question 9:** I must thank the man from \_\_\_\_\_ I got the present.

- A. that  
B. which  
C. who  
D. whom

**Question 10:** \_\_\_\_\_ we work with her, we get confused because of her fast speaking pace.

- A. So that  
B. at time  
C. Whenever  
D. Although

**Question 11:** His achievements were partly due to the \_\_\_\_\_ of his wife.

- A. assistance  
B. assisted  
C. assist  
D. assistant

**Question 12:** He wanted to know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. where can he change some money  
B. where he can change some money  
C. where he could change some money  
D. where could he change some money

**Question 13:** If I won the lottery, I \_\_\_\_\_ you half the money.

- A. had given  
B. give  
C. gave  
D. would give

**Question 14:** When I came to visit her last night, she \_\_\_\_\_ a bath.

- A. had  
B. has  
C. is having  
D. was having

**Question 15:** Kathy is a very \_\_\_\_\_ girl. She can make friends easily even though she is in a strange place

- A. shy  
B. polite  
C. sociable  
D. unfriendly

**Question 16:** According to FAO, Vietnam is \_\_\_\_\_ second largest coffee producer in the world after Brazil.

- A. an  
B. a  
C. the  
D. Ø

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word (s) in the following question*

**Question 17:** Pointing at someone is considered rude in communication.

- A. impolite  
B. humorous  
C. polite  
D. generous

**Question 18:** This point has been dealt with in the preceding paragraph.

- A. following      B. heading      C. previous      D. before

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D in your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

**Question 19:** The first postage stampsissued in New York City in 1842.

- A. issued      B. stamps      C. the first      D. in

**Question 20:** When I will see her tomorrow, I will tell her the truth. I'm sure she will be very happy.

- A. truth      B. happy      C. will tell      D. will see

**Question 21:** She said her father that she would go shopping with him the following day.

- A. him      B. that      C. would go      D. said

*Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.*

A number of factors related to the voice reveal the personality of the speaker.

The first is the broad area of communication, which includes imparting information by use of language, communicating with a group or an individual and specialized communication through performance. A person conveys thoughts and ideas through choice of words, by a tone of voice that is pleasant or unpleasant, gentle or harsh, by the rhythm that is inherent within the language itself, and by speech rhythms that are flowing and regular or uneven and hesitant, and finally, by the pitch and melody of the utterance. When speaking before a group, a person's tone may indicate uncertainty or fright, confidence or calm. *At interpersonal levels, the tone may reflect ideas and feelings over and above the words chosen*, or may belie them. *Here*, the participant's tone can consciously or unconsciously reflect intuitive sympathy or antipathy, lack of concern or interest, fatigue, anxiety, enthusiasm or excitement, all of which are usually discernible by the acute listener. Public performance is a manner of communication that is highly specialized with its own techniques for obtaining effects by voice and /or gesture. The motivation derived from the text, and in the case of singing, the music, in combination with the performer's skills, personality, and ability to create empathy will determine the success of *artistic, political, or pedagogic communication*.

Second, the voice gives psychological clues to a person's self-image, perception of others, and emotional health. Self-image can be indicated by a tone of voice *that* is confident, pretentious, shy, aggressive, outgoing, or exuberant, to name only a few personality traits. Also the sound may give a clue to the facade or mask of that person, for example, a shy person hiding behind an overconfident front.

How a speaker perceives the listener's receptiveness, interest, or sympathy in any given conversation can *drastically* alter the tone of presentation, by encouraging or discouraging the speaker. Emotional health is *evidenced* in the voice by free and melodic sounds of the happy, by constricted and harsh sound of the angry, and by dull and lethargic qualities of the depressed.

**Question 22:** What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. Communication styles.
- B. The function of the voice in performance.
- C. The production of speech.
- D. The connection between voice and personality.

**Question 23:** According to the passage, an exuberant tone of voice may be an indication of a person's \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. vocal quality
- B. general physical health
- C. ability to communicate
- D. personality

**Question 24:** The word "*evidenced*" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. indicated
- B. questioned
- C. exaggerated
- D. repeated

**Question 25:** The word "*derived*" in paragraph one is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. obtained
- B. discussed
- C. registered
- D. prepared

**Question 26:** Why does the author mention "artistic, political, or pedagogic communication" in paragraph 1?

- A. To contrast them to singing
- B. As examples of public performance
- C. As examples of basic styles of communication
- D. To introduce the idea of self-image

**Question 27:** According to the passage, an overconfident front may hide \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. shyness
- B. strength
- C. hostility
- D. friendliness

**Question 28:** The word "*that*" in paragraph 2 refer to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Self-image
- B. personality
- C. tone of voice
- D. psychological

**Question 29:** What does the author mean by stating that "*At interpersonal levels, the tone may reflect ideas and feelings over and above the words chosen*"?

- A. Feelings are more difficult to express than ideas.
- B. A high tone of voice reflects an emotional communication.
- C. The tone of voice can carry information beyond the meaning of words.

**D.** Feelings are expressed with different words than ideas are.

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.*

The General Certificate of Secondary Education or the GCSE examinations for (30)\_\_\_\_\_ are the standard school-leaver qualifications taken by virtually all UK students in the May and June following their 16th birthday. If you come to a UK independent school before (31)\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 16, you will study towards GCSE examinations in up to 12 subjects. Some subjects are compulsory, including English and mathematics, and you can select (32)\_\_\_\_\_, such as music, drama, geography and history from a series of options. GCSEs provide a good all-round education that you can build on at college and eventually at university. AS- and A-levels are taken after GCSEs. They are the UK qualifications most (33)\_\_\_\_\_ accepted for entry to university and are available in subjects from the humanities, arts, sciences and social sciences as well as in vocational subjects such (34)\_\_\_\_\_ engineering, and leisure and tourism. You can study up to four subjects at the same time for two years.

**Question 30:** A. big                      B. small                      C. long                      D. short

**Question 31:** A. reach                      B. reaching                      C. being reached                      D. to reach

**Question 32:** A. other                      B. another                      C. each other                      D. others

**Question 33:** A. wide                      B. widen                      C. widely                      D. width

**Question 34:** A. for                      B. as                      C. like                      D. so

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable respond to complete each of the following exchanges.*

**Question 35:** "What a lovely house that you have!" - " \_\_\_\_\_ "

A. I have no idea                      B. Thanks. It is a nice compliment.

C. Nothing special.                      D. Yes, of course.

**Question 36:** Host: "I'm terribly sorry for this inconvenience." Guest: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

A. Fine, thanks                      B. It's not your fault

C. I'll do better next time                      D. It's mine. I came late

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

**Question 37:** A. watched                      B. stopped                      C. lived                      D. cooked

**Question 38:** A. clean                      B. bread                      C. lean                      D. lead

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Question 39:** He didn't take his father's advice. That's why he is out of work now.

- A. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not have been out of work now.
- B. If he had taken his father's advice, he would not be out of work now.
- C. If he took his father's advice, he would not be out of work now.
- D. If he takes his father's advice, he will not be out of work now.

**Question 40:** The old man is working in this factory. I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.

- A. The old man whose bicycle I borrowed yesterday is working in this factory.
- B. The old man whom I borrowed his bicycle yesterday is working in this factory.
- C. The old man whom is working in this factory I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.
- D. The old man is working in this factory which I borrowed his bicycle yesterday.

**Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.**

Martin Luther King, Jr., is well known for his work in civil rights and for his many famous speeches, among them is his moving "I Have A Dream" speech. But fewer people know much about King's childhood. M.L., as he was called, was born in 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia, at the home of his maternal grandfather. M.L.'s grandfather, the Reverend A.D. Williams, purchased their home on Auburn Avenue in 1909, twenty years before M.L. was born. The Reverend Williams, an eloquent speaker, played an important role in the community since so many people's lives centered around the church. He allowed his church and his home to be used as a meeting place for a number of organizations dedicated to the education and social advancement of blacks. M.L. grew up in this atmosphere, with his home being used as a community **gathering** place, and was no doubt influenced by it.

M.L.'s childhood was not especially eventful. His father was a minister and his mother was a musician. He was the second of three children, and he attended all-black schools in a black neighborhood. The neighborhood was not poor, however. Auburn Avenue was the main artery through a prosperous neighborhood that had come to symbolize achievement for Atlanta's black people. **It** was an area of banks, insurance companies, builders, jewelers, **tailors**, doctors, lawyers, and other black-owner, black-operated businesses, and services. Even in the face of

Atlanta's segregation, the district thrived. Dr. King never forgot the community spirit he had known as a child, nor did he forget the racial prejudice that was a seemingly insurmountable barrier that kept black Atlanta from mingling with whites.

**Question 41:** What is this passage mainly about?

- A. the prejudice that existed in Atlanta
- B. the neighborhood King grew up in

C. Martin Luther King's childhood

D. Martin Luther King's grandfather

**Question 42:** The word "*it*" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_

A. neighborhood

B. segregation

C. achievement

D. services

**Question 43:** The word "*tailors*" in paragraph 2 describes people who are associated with which of the following trades?

A. garment making

B. shoe making

C. book binding

D. flower arranging

**Question 44:** According to the author, M.L. \_\_\_\_\_

A. loved to listen to his grandfather speak

B. grew up in a relatively rich area of Atlanta

C. had a difficult childhood

D. was a good musician as a child

**Question 45:** According to the author, King was influenced by \_\_\_\_\_

A. black lawyers

B. community spirit

C. his mother

D. his speeches

**Question 46:** The word "*gathering*" in paragraph 1 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_

A. meeting

B. picking

C. learning

D. exciting

**Question 47:** According to the author, blacks in King's neighborhood were involved in all the following businesses and services EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_

A. law

B. dentistry

C. banking

D. medicine

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentences which is closest in meaning to the given one.*

**Question 48:** "Don't forget to do your homework", the teacher told us.

A. The teacher reminded us not to forget to do your homework.

B. The teacher told us do not forget to do our homework.

C. The teacher told us to not forget to do our homework.

D. The teacher reminded us to do our homework.

**Question 49:** Many people think Steve stole the money.

A. It was not Steve who stole the money.

B. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

- C. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.
- D. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.

**Question 50:** Jane hasn't played the piano since 2005.

- A. The last time Jane played the piano in 2005
- B. Jane has played the piano in 2005
- C. The last time Jane played the piano was 2005.
- D. Jane last played the piano was 2005.

### **ĐÁP ÁN**

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1-A  | 2-B  | 3-B  | 4-C  | 5-D  | 6-A  | 7-D  | 8-C  | 9-D  | 10-C |
| 11-A | 12-C | 13-D | 14-D | 15-C | 16-C | 17-C | 18-A | 19-A | 20-D |
| 21-D | 22-D | 23-D | 24-A | 25-A | 26-C | 27-A | 28-B | 29-C | 30-D |
| 31-B | 32-D | 33-C | 34-B | 35-B | 36-B | 37-C | 38-B | 39-B | 40-A |
| 41-C | 42-A | 43-B | 44-B | 45-B | 46-A | 47-B | 48-D | 49-C | 50-A |

(<http://tailieugiangday.com> – Website đề thi – chuyên đề file word có lời giải chi tiết)

Quý thầy cô liên hệ đặt mua word: 03338.222.55

**MA TRẬN**



| STT         | Lĩnh vực/<br>Phần  | Chuyên đề   | Mức độ    |           |            |           |              |
|-------------|--|---|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|
|             |  |   | Số câu    | Nhận Biết | Thông Hiểu | Vận Dụng  | Vận Dụng Cao |
| 1           | Ngữ âm   | Phát âm   | 2         | 2         | 0          | 0         | 0            |
|             |  | Trọng âm  | 2         | 0         | 2          | 0         | 0            |
| 2           | Ngữ pháp –<br>Từ vựng                                      | Ngữ pháp (Mạo từ, câu điều kiện, thì, từ nối, giới từ...) | 9         | 2         | 2          | 2         | 3            |
|             |  | Từ vựng   | 3         | 1         | 1          | 1         | 0            |
|             |  | Từ đồng nghĩa   | 2         | 0         | 1          | 1         | 0            |
|             |  | Từ trái nghĩa   | 2         | 0         | 1          | 1         | 0            |
|             |  | Tim lỗi sai   | 3         | 1         | 1          | 1         | 0            |
| 3           | Chức năng giao tiếp/ Từ - Ngữ thể hiện chức năng giao tiếp | Chức năng giao tiếp                                       | 2         | 1         | 1          | 0         | 0            |
| 4           | Kỹ năng đọc  | Điền từ vào bài đọc                                       | 5         | 1         | 2          | 1         | 1            |
|             |  | Đọc hiểu  | 15        | 3         | 3          | 3         | 6            |
| 5           | Kỹ năng viết   | Câu có nghĩa gần nhất với câu đã cho                      | 3         | 0         | 1          | 2         | 0            |
|             |  | Nối hai câu thành một câu                                 | 2         | 0         | 0          | 2         | 0            |
| <b>Tổng</b> |  |   | <b>50</b> | <b>10</b> | <b>15</b>  | <b>15</b> | <b>10</b>    |

## ĐÁNH GIÁ

+ **Mức độ đề thi: Trung bình**

+ **Nhận xét đề thi:** Nhìn chung đề thi này kiến thức chủ yếu lớp 12 với mức độ câu hỏi từ dễ đến khó nên có thể phân loại được học sinh. Phần câu hỏi về ngữ pháp chiếm 9 câu và phần từ vựng chỉ có 3 câu. Cấu trúc của phần đọc hiểu theo cấu trúc đề minh họa 2018 nên bản có 15 câu. Tuy nhiên trong bài đọc hiểu có một số câu tương đối khó có thể phân loại học sinh khá giỏi. Đề này tương đương với đề minh họa của bộ giáo dục.

**(Lời giải chi tiết các bạn cài đặt app luyện thi thpt qg 2019 trên điện thoại di động)**

- Ứng dụng luyện thi THPT quốc gia 2019 trực tuyến với rất nhiều đề thi thử và chuyên đề hay có lời giải chi tiết.

- **Link cài đặt:**

Android: <https://goo.gl/VWJE2p>

IOS: <https://goo.gl/T2qT>

## Dưới đây là hình ảnh ( 1000 đề) về app luyện thi THPT QG 2019 :

**Luyện thi THPT quốc gia 2019**  
Zebra media | Giáo dục | 4.460 đánh giá

Chứa quảng cáo - Cho phép mua hàng trong ứng dụng  
⚠️ Bạn không có bất kỳ thiết bị nào.

Thêm vào danh sách mong muốn | Cài đặt

**Môn thi**

- Toán: Đang có 66 đề
- Tiếng Anh: Đang có 20 đề
- Vật Lý: Đang có 49 đề
- Hóa: Đang có 51 đề
- Sinh: Đang có 20 đề
- Lịch Sử: Đang có 27 đề

**Bài tập theo chuyên đề**

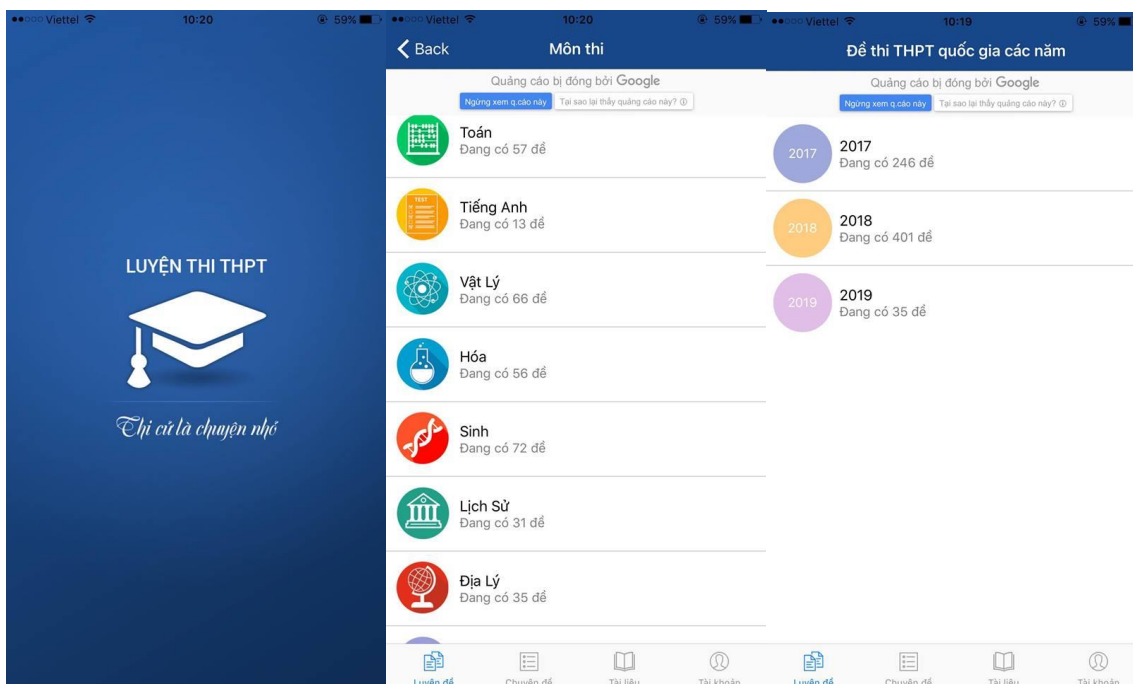
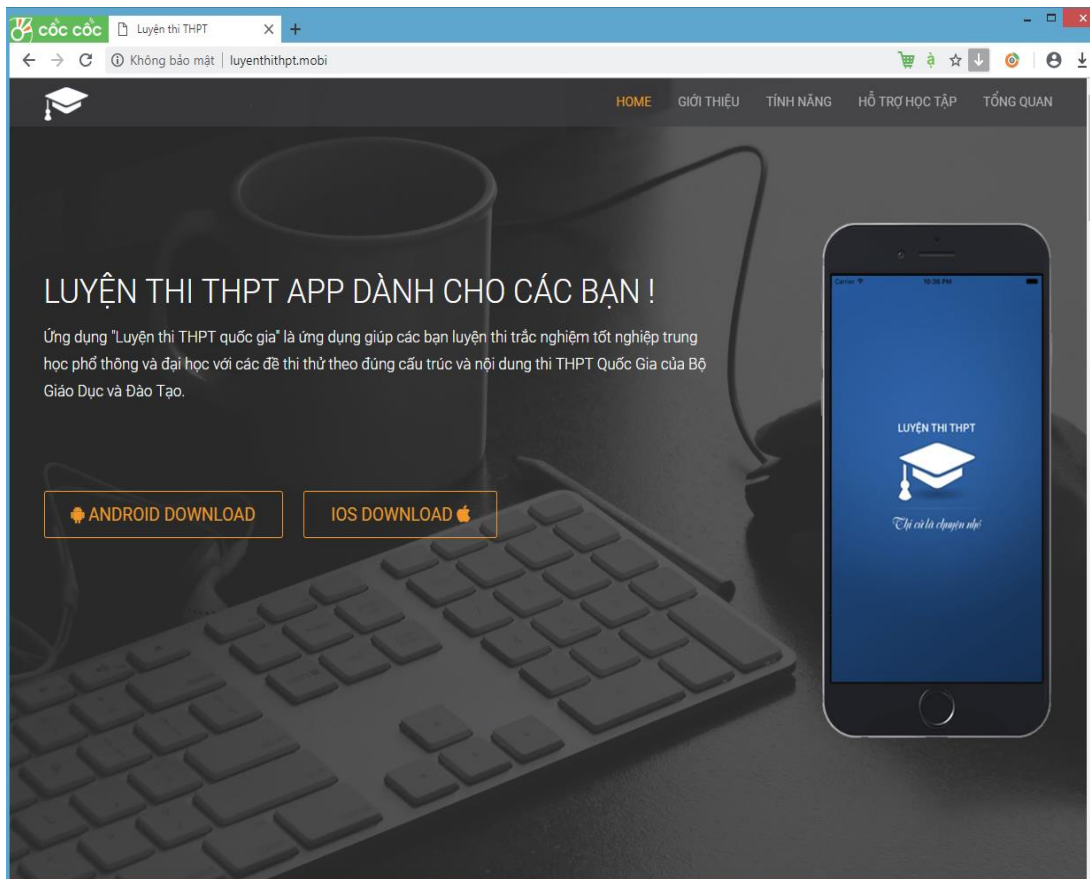
- Toán: Đang có 36 chuyên đề
- Tiếng Anh: Đang có 2 chuyên đề
- Vật Lý: Đang có 93 chuyên đề
- Hóa: Đang có 100 chuyên đề
- Sinh: Đang có 90 chuyên đề
- Góc Thư Giãn: Hài Ngu - Đỗ Vui: Đang có 2 chuyên đề

**Danh sách đề thi**

- Nguyên hàm - Tích phân: Đang có 7 chuyên đề
- Hàm số lũy thừa - Mũ: Đang có 8 chuyên đề
- Khảo sát đồ thị hàm số: Đang có 12 chuyên đề
- Hình không gian: Đang có 7 chuyên đề
- Số phức: Đang có 2 chuyên đề
- Hình học phẳng: Đang có 1 chuyên đề
- Khối tròn xoay: Đang có 4 chuyên đề

Ứng dụng "Luyện thi THPT quốc gia" là ứng dụng giúp các bạn luyện thi trắc nghiệm tốt nghiệp trung học phổ thông và đại học với các đề thi thử theo đúng cấu trúc và nội dung thi THPT Quốc Gia của Bộ Giáo Dục và Đào Tạo.

Với kho đề thi, bài tập theo chuyên đề phong phú, tất cả đều có đáp án, lời giải chi tiết. Được cập nhật liên tục và chọn lọc từ các trường trên cả nước.



Back Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Nguyễn Viết Xuâ...
Back KSCL Toán 12 - THPT Chuyên Vĩnh P...
Môn thi
Danh sách đề thi

1/40
00:49:52  
Đã làm: 0/40
Nộp bài

2/50
01:29:55  
Đã làm: 0/50
Nộp bài

**Câu 1:**  
Lễ ký hiệp định đình chiến tại Bản Mòn Điểm (7/1953) trên bán đảo Triều Tiên chứng tỏ:

**A** CHDCND Triều Tiên và Hàn Quốc đi theo định hướng khác nhau

**B** mở ra quá trình thống nhất trên bán đảo Triều Tiên.

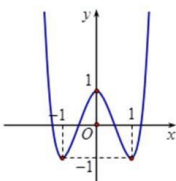
**C** cuộc nội chiến giữa hai miền Triều Tiên kết thúc.

**D** hai nước cùng bắt tay xây dựng đất nước.

Chọn đáp án

 A  B  C  D

**Câu 2:**  
Đường cong dưới đây là đồ thị một hàm số được liệt kê ở bốn phương án A, B, C, D  
Hỏi hàm số đó là hàm số nào?



**A**  $y = 2x^4 - 4x^2 + 1$ .

**B**  $y = -2x^4 + 4x^2$ .

Chọn đáp án

 A  B  C  D

Bảo lỗi
Xem nhanh

>
<

Bảo lỗi
Xem nhanh

**Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Chuyên Hưng Yên - Lần 2**

69702 Miễn phí

**Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Chuyên Bắc Giang - Lần 1**

31208 Miễn phí

**THPT Quảng Xương 1 - Thanh Hóa - Lần 2**

34830 Miễn phí

**Sở GD&ĐT Bắc Ninh - Lần 1**

25556 Miễn phí

**THPT Phạm Công Bình - Vĩnh Phúc - Lần 1**

15658 Miễn phí

**THPT Nguyễn Thị Minh Khai - Hà Tĩnh - Lần 1**

15100 Miễn phí

**THPT Liễu Sơn - Vĩnh Phúc - Lần 1**

11314 Miễn phí

**THPT Chuyên Lý Tự Trọng - Nam Định - Lần 1**

11357 Miễn phí

**THPT Chuyên Trần Phú - Hải Phòng - Lần 1**

9494 Miễn phí

**THPT Chuyên Phan Bội Châu - Nghệ An - Lần 1**

10959 Miễn phí

**THPT Chuyên Thái Nguyên - Thái Nguyên - Lần 1**

Luyện đề
Chuyên đề
Tài liệu
Tài khoản